

Sandia-Performance-Model Quality Tests in Sandia Pecos for **Near-Real-Time Detection of Anomalies**

Kyumin Lee and James Richards, CFV Solar Test Laboratory, Albuquergue, NM 87106, U.S.A.

Motivation and Methodology

- CFV uses Sandia Pecos to check the quality of its outdoor test data daily (instrument failures, wiring errors, etc).
- Can we detect even subtle anomalies with performance-model-based quality tests?

Quarterly or Yearly Daily Daily **Compare Measured Current Derive Performance Model Predict Values for Array Current and** and Voltage against Predicted Coefficients Voltage at Each Timestamp (from a period of normal operation) (weather and array temperature data as inputs) Values

Deriving Sandia-Array-Performance-Model Coefficients

Coefficients were derived on eleven different arrays* based on 2018 Q4 data; AOI and spectral effects were ignored.



Coefficients for Vmp



Performance-Model-Based Quality Indices, for Use with Pecos Range Tests

Index	Definition	Applied On	For Detecting
Residual	(Measured Value – Model Value)/RMSE;	Imp, Pmp	Inverter failures/anomalies, shading events, fuse failures,
RMSE	RMSE from 2018 Q4 residual analysis		instrument failures/anomalies, etc.
Measured Range	(Measured Max – Min)/(Model Max – Min)	Vmp	Instrument failures/anomalies, etc.
Expected Range		-	

Normal Operation



Failures/Anomalies



Summary + Future Improvements

- Pecos range tests on performance-model-based quality indices help detect failures and anomalies quickly.
- Residual/RMSE indices lead to false positives on cloudy days => Apply only to clear sky points? Match time constants?
 - * Data and arrays are not owned by CFV. Data is used with permission from the owner.