FRAUNHOFER INSTITUTE FOR SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEMS ISE

Satellite Based and Ground Measured Solar Irradiance for PV Power **Nowcasting: PV Live**



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AGENDA

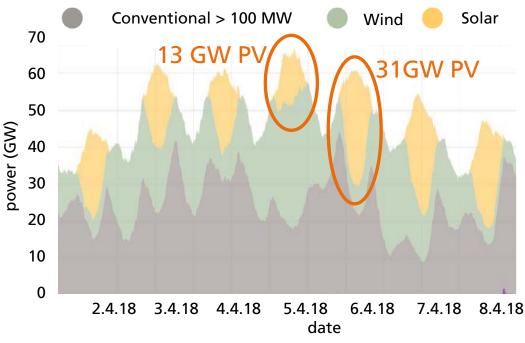
- Motivation
- PV Live project
- Evaluation



Motivation

Contribution of PV to electricity supply in Germany

- installed PV power (end 2017): 43 GW_{peak}
- up to 60% of electricity demand from PV
- strong variability of solar power



www.energy.charts, Sources: 50Hertz, Amprion, Tennet, TrannetBW, EEX



Motivation

Integration of PV by transmission system operators

- Trading of PV power at European power exchange EPEX
- Congestion management
- Requirements
 - PV forecast for the next hours and days
 - Assessment of current PV power feed-in





Motivation

PV power feed-in for control area of TransnetBW

- Installed PV power 5.7 GW
- Approx. 317 000 PV power plants contribute to the PV power feed-in
- Not all PV power plants provide real-time measurements in 15min resolution
- Current overall PV feed-in must be estimated from available information
- Upscaling method required



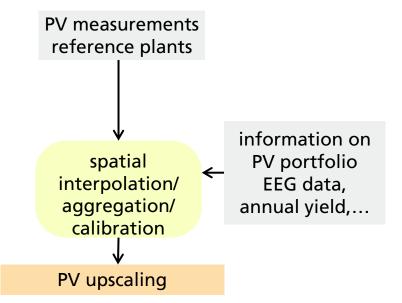
Standard Upscaling method based on PV measurements



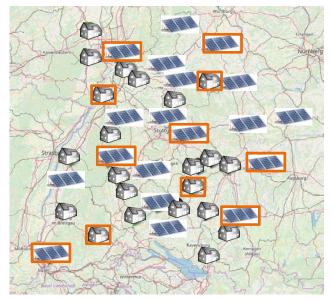


Standard Upscaling method

based on PV measurements





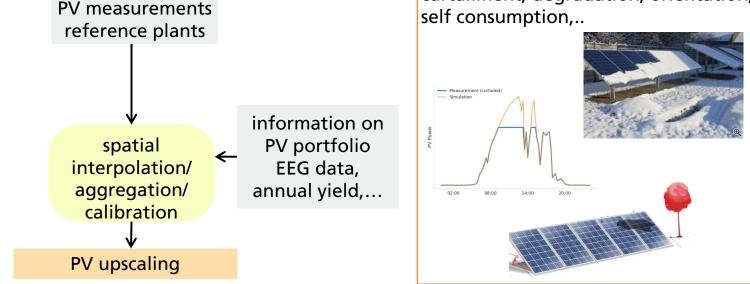




Standard Upscaling method

based on PV measurements

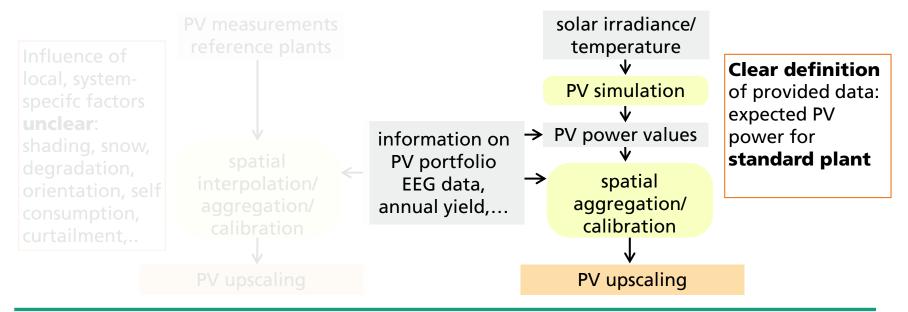
Influence of local, system-specifc factors **unclear**: shading, snow, curtailment, degradation, orientation, self consumption,..





Standard Upscaling method based on PV measurements

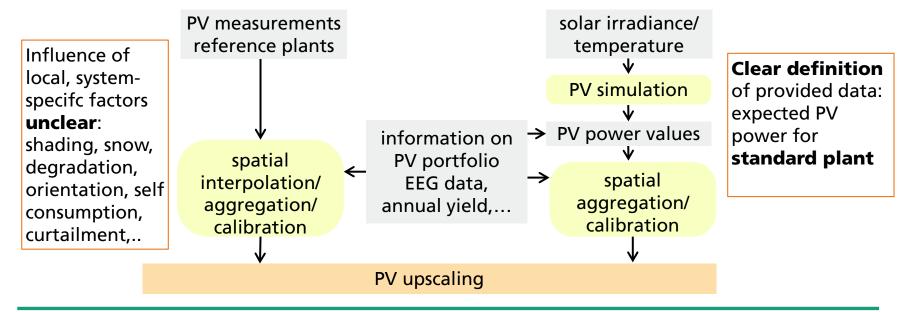
PV Live upscaling method based on solar irradiance data





Standard Upscaling method based on PV measurements

PV Live upscaling method based on solar irradiance data

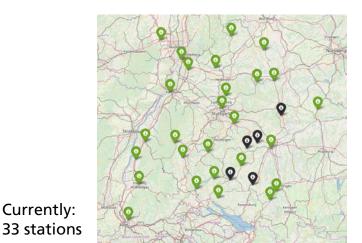




Ground-measurements and satellite-based irradiance data

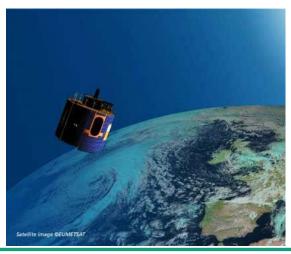
Ground-measurements

- 40 stations in Baden Württemberg High spatial resolution: ~1km x 2km
- 1min resolution



Time resolution: 15min

Satellite-based irradiance data





Currently:

The measurement station

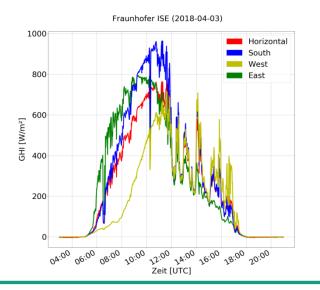
- 3 silicon sensors (tilted)
 - Tilt 25°
 - East/ South/ West
 - -> simulated "standard PV plant"
- Pyranometer (horizontal) high accuracy/straight-forward combination with satellite-based irradiance values
- Real-time transmission every minute fast access to data





Measurements and irradiance maps

Irradiance measurements in minute resolution: global horizontal and tilted irradiance



Satellite-based irradiance maps

Heliosat Method*

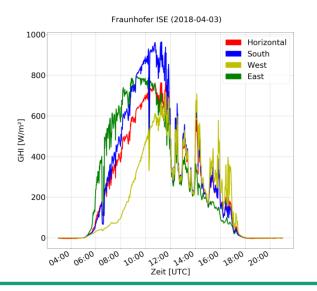
- Spatial resolution
 - ~4km x 4km
 - ca. 4000 grid points

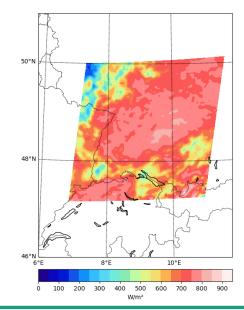
*Hammer A., Lorenz E: 'Solar Energy Assessment Using Remote Sensing Technologies', *Remote Sensing of Environment 2003*



Measurements and irradiance maps

Irradiance measurements in minute Satellite-based irradiance maps resolution: global horizontal and tilted irradiance







AGENDA

- Motivation
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- Evaluation

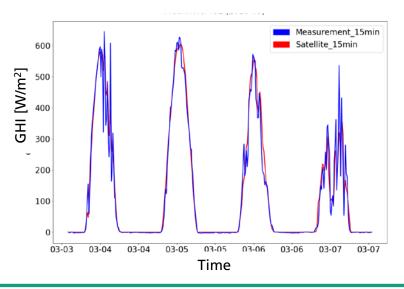


Evaluation

Satellite-based irradiance on different scales

- Dataset
 - 19 stations
 - August 17 April 18
 - Global horizontal irradiance GHI

15min values single stations





Evaluation

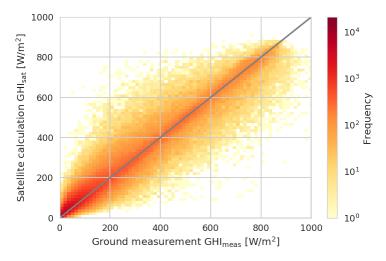
Satellite-based irradiance on different scales

- Quantitative evaluation
- Root mean square deviation

 $RMSD = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (GHI_{sat} - GHI_{mess})^2}$

- Normalized with respect to average irradiance
- If normalized like PV wrt. STC (1000 W/m²) yields about 6%

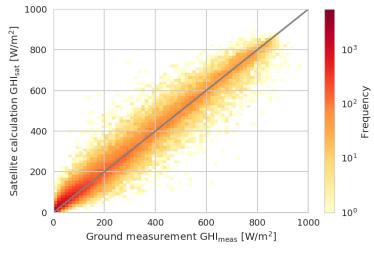
15min values single stations



 $RMSD = 60 W/m^2 (29 \%)$

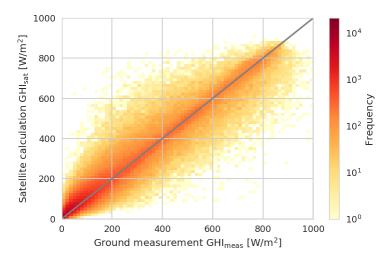


Hourly values single stations



 $RMSD = 45 W/m^2 (22 \%)$

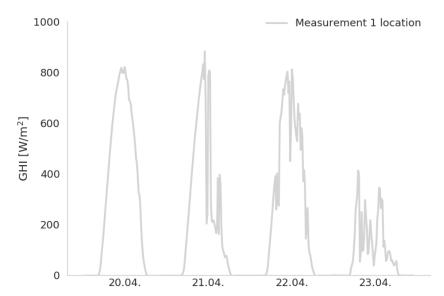
15min values single stations



 $RMSD = 60 W/m^2 (29 \%)$



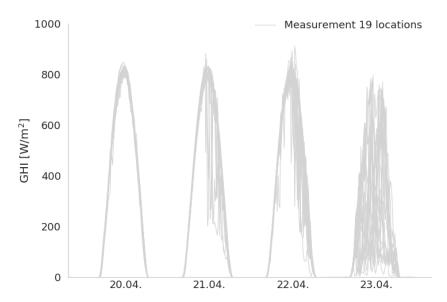
From single station values to regional averages





From single station values to regional averages

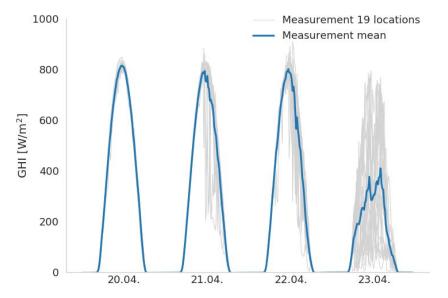
Here: mean of 19 sites





From single station values to regional averages

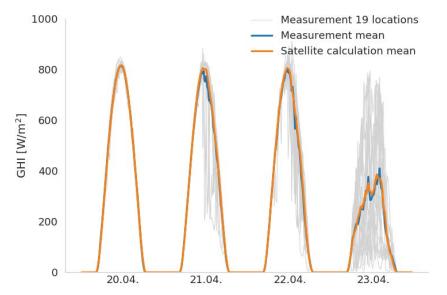
- Here: mean of 19 sites
- Reduced fluctuations





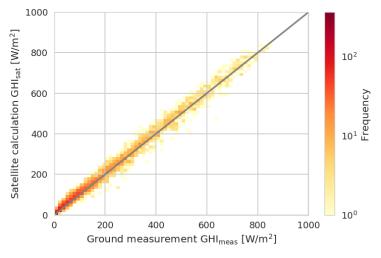
From single station values to regional averages

- Here: mean of 19 sites
- Reduced fluctuations
- Reduced deviation between measurements and satellite data



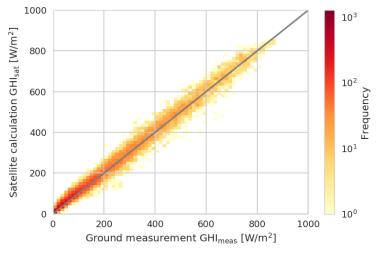


Hourly values average 19 stations



 $RMSD = 23 W/m^2 (11 \%)$

15min values, average 19 stations

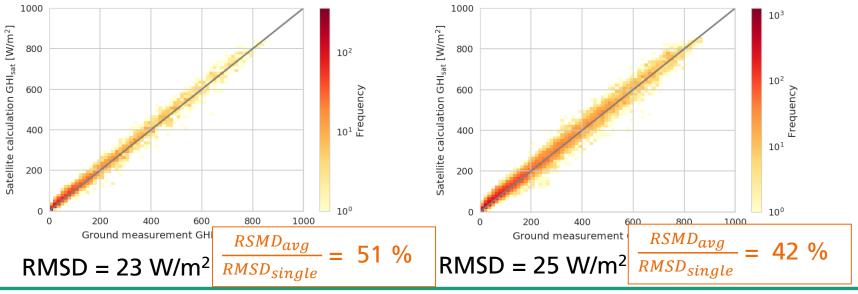


 $RMSD = 25 W/m^2 (12 \%)$



Hourly values average 19 stations

15min values, average 19 stations

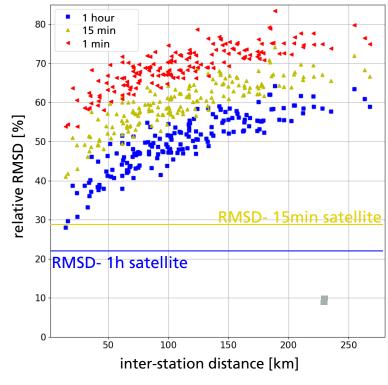




Evaluation Satellite-based irradiance vs. interpolation of neighbouring ground measurement stations

- Estimation of irradiance at ground station with of neighbouring stations
 - \rightarrow Depends on inter-station distance
- Comparison with satellite-based irradiance (horizontal lines)

→ Satellite derived irradiance values with 15 min/1 h resolution better agreement for inter-station distances investigated here (> 10 km)





Summary

- Nowcasting of PV power important for grid integration of a large share of distributed PV plants
- New Approach PV Live: Irradiance data for PV power upscaling
 - High-resolution grid of measurement stations in Baden Württemberg
 - Combination with satellite-based irradiance
 - Aim: Improvement of PV power upscaling at TransnetBW
- Evaluation of satellite derived irradiance on multiple spatial and temporal scales shows good accuracy



Thank you for your attention!



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