

System Losses and Derates in PVSim: Balance of System Loss Modeling Jeff Roche

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PVSim Balance of System Loss Inputs

• Static model option:

Balance of System Losses									
Loss scheme: Utility ground-mount/Oasis - HV									
DC System									
Array Wiring:	Calculate wiring loss Ave. array radius: 50 Ave. feeder length: 100 Use static wiring loss DC wiring loss 1.5	meters Feeder gauge: auto ▼ meters No. feeders/inverter: auto ▼							
Array Mismatch:	Mismatch Loss: 0.8	%							
Inverter:	Nominal efficiency: 97.0	% Total inverter kVA: 9120							
AC System									
O Calculat	O Calculate AC losses O Use static AC losses								
Transformers and AC Collection:	MV transformer efficiency: HV transformer efficiency: AC wiring loss: Auxiliary load loss:	99.0 % 99.5 % 1.25 % 0.3 %							
Operational Efficiency:	System availability:	98.0 %							

PVSim Balance of System Loss Inputs

• Dynamic model option:

Balance of System Losses							
Loss scheme: Utility ground-mount/Oasis - HV							
DC System							
Array Wiring:	 O Calculate wiring loss Ave. array radius: 50 meters Feeder gauge: auto ▼ Ave. feeder length: 100 meters No. feeders/inverter: auto ▼ O Use static wiring loss DC wiring loss 1.5 % 						
Array Mismatch:	Mismatch Loss: 0.8 %						
Inverter:	Nominal efficiency: 97.0 % Total inverter kVA: 9120						
AC System							
 Calculat 	e AC losses O Use static AC losses						
Padmount Transformer and MV Collection:	Transformer no-load loss: 0.09 % HV Step-Up Transformer no-load loss: 0 % Transformer rated load loss: 1.13 % Transformer no-load loss: 0 % Auxiliary load loss: 0.18 % and HV Transmission: 0 % MV collector rated load loss: 0.19 % Transmission: 0 %						
Grid Inter- connection:	Max. system kVA at POI: 9120 Image: Curtail exceess power at interconnect Inverter power factor: 0.99 Collector voltage factor: 1.03 Image: Account for nighttime losses						
Operational Efficiency:	System availability: 98.0 %						

DC Wiring Loss Model

DC System

	Calculate wiring loss							
Array Wiring:	Ave. array radius: Ave. feeder length		meters meters	Feeder gauge: No. feeders/inverter:	auto V auto V			
	O Use static wiring lo DC wiring loss	ss 1.5	%					
Array Mismatch:	Mismatch Loss:	0.8	%					
Inverter:	Nominal efficiency:	97.0	%	Total inverter kVA:	9120			

• Voltage drop calculated across strings and feeders:

$$P_{loss} = \sum (V_{drop_string} * I_{string}) + \sum (V_{drop_feeder} * I_{feeder})$$

 Conductor sizing estimated from max short-circuit current if the user is unsure of exact parameters

Inverter Efficiency & Clipping

DC System

	O Calculate wiring loss							
	Ave. array radius:	50	meters	Feeder gauge:	auto 🔻			
Array Wiring:	Ave. feeder length	n: 100	meters	No. feeders/inverter:	auto 🔻			
	O Use static wiring lo	oss						
	DC wiring loss	1.5	%					
Array Mismatch:	Mismatch Loss:	0.8	%					
Inverter:	Nominal efficiency:	97.0	%	Total inverter kVA:	9120			

- Sandia Performance Model for Grid-Connected Photovoltaic Inverters¹
- Dynamic (with temperature) AC capacity model

[1] King, D. Gonzalez, S., Galbraith, G., Boyson, W., 2007, Performance Model for Grid-Connected Photovoltaic Inverters

Auxiliary Load Loss

AC System

Calculate AC losses
 O Use state

O Use static AC losses



- Auxiliary loads are modeled as a constant reduction in output
- User can choose whether or not to include nighttime losses

Transformer & AC Line Losses

AC System

Calculate AC losses
 O Use static AC losses



• Transformer loss:

• Variable loss calculation:

 $P_{loss} = P_{no_load_loss} \\ + P_{variable_load_loss}$

• AC line loss:

 $P_{loss} = P_{variable_load_loss}$

$$= P_{rated_load_loss} * \left(\frac{P_{in}}{PF * VF * P_{rated}}\right)^{2}$$

Balance of System Loss Accounting

Annual Losses & Adjustments vs. STC (%)	
Inter-Array Shading Loss	0.00
Site Shading Loss	0.00
Soiling Loss	-3.00
Tracker Misalignment Loss	0.00
Angle-of-Incidence Loss	-0.97
Air Mass Adjustment	0.16
Operating Temperature Adjustment	-7.23
Efficiency vs. Irradiance Adjustment	-1.47
Module Flash Adjustment	0.23
Module Light-Induced Degradation Adjustment	0.00
Module Mismatch Loss	-1.00
DC Wiring Loss	-1.50
Inverter DC Limit Loss	0.00
Inverter Efficiency Adjustment	-1.68
Inverter AC-Capacity Clipping Loss	-0.01
LV Auxiliary Load Loss	-0.01
Padmount Transformer Loss	-1.00
MV Collector Loss	-0.20
MV Auxiliary Load Loss	-0.20
HV Step-Up Transformer Loss	-0.20
Transmission Line Loss	-0.60
Interconnect Curtailment Loss	0.00
Annual Availability	98.0

End-of-Interva Timestamp	Array	y Losses	AC Balance of System Losses						
Time Stamp	Wiring Loss (W)	Mismatch Loss (W)	LV Aux. Load Loss (kW)	Padmount Transformer Loss (kW)	MV Collector Loss (kW)		HV Step-Up Transformer Loss (kW)		Interconnection Curtailment Loss (kW)
01/01 10:00:00	45.0	30.1	0.10	0.21	0.40	0.05	0.10	0.34	0

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